

CHARGES HUSBAND WITH POISONING BREAKFAST FRUIT

Mrs. George M. Carruthers Sware He Put Mercury in Her Orange.

CITY CHEMIST FINDS DERIVATIVE OF DRUG

Carruthers, Arrested at Whist Club, Denies All Knowledge of Attempted Poisoning.

SERVANT TELLS OF QUARRELS

Carruthers Is Bailed by Judge Richardson in Sum of \$1,000, Furnished by His Employer.

George M. Carruthers, superintendent of the Everett Wadley Co., whose home is at 294 Third Avenue, Highland Park, was arrested last night upon a warrant sworn out by his wife, charging him with attempting to poison her. Detective Sergeant J. L. Whitfield and C. W. Atkinson arrested Carruthers in the Whist Club room, in the Bryan Building, corner of Eighth and Broad streets, at 9:30 o'clock last night. He was taken to Police Headquarters, and was later bailed by Judge D. C. Richardson in the sum of \$1,000, the bond being furnished by the Everett Wadley Co.

According to the officers who investigated the case at the request of Attorney M. P. Pinckney, retained by Mrs. Carruthers to represent her, Carruthers attempted to end his wife's life Friday morning by placing poison in an orange which had been prepared for her at breakfast time.

City Chemist J. M. Whitfield, who analyzed the fruit, stated last night that it contained some derivative of mercury. He would not say whether it was bichloride of mercury or some other form of the drug.

WARRANT SWORN OUT WHEN CHEMIST MAKES ANALYSIS

The warrant was not sworn out until yesterday afternoon, after Dr. Whitfield had completed a partial analysis of the orange and had found it to contain poison. Magistrate J. J. McCarthy issued the warrant upon the statement of Mrs. Carruthers. Dr. Charles M. Edwards, the family physician, and Dr. Whitfield are mentioned as witnesses.

According to the statement made by Mrs. Carruthers, she went to breakfast Friday morning some ten minutes after her husband had eaten and gone to his office. She found half an orange upon her plate. It had already been opened and was ready to be eaten. She took several gulps out and swallowed them. Within a few minutes, or before she could finish the fruit, she became deathly sick and rushed to the bathroom, where she suffered several convulsions. She said she suffered for some time from the effects of the poison, and that there was a disagreeable, bitter taste in her mouth.

She remembered that once within the past few months she had been made deathly sick from drinking coffee. At that time she noticed the same bitter twang. She said this aroused her suspicions, and she decided to investigate. She called for her mother, Mrs. W. T. Wright, of 215 Fifth Avenue, Highland Park, who came over. Mrs. Wright suggested that the orange be turned over to the city chemist. After Mrs. Carruthers had expressed the belief that her husband had tried to take her life, the servant says they

HAVE HAD QUARRELS

The two detectives who are investigating the case said that the couple have been married about a year, and that they have not been getting along well together. A servant said that they were continually wrangling over something, she did not know what, and that Mrs. Carruthers claimed her husband had beaten her. During the past week, according to the servant, the quarrels have been of unusual violence.

On Friday morning the servant said she prepared the orange for Carruthers, who always eats before his wife does, and goes to his work. After he had eaten half the orange he left the kitchen. Mrs. Carruthers came into the dining-room, and in a few minutes the servant heard her rush to the bathroom. Some time after that Mrs. Carruthers came to the kitchen and showed the servant the orange. She asked the servant to taste it, and she did. The colored girl said there was a bitter taste to the fruit, which stayed in her mouth and throat a long time. She said she tasted only a few drops, and that it did not make her sick.

When asked if the four-year-old son of Mrs. Carruthers—a former marriage—was the cause of the trouble between the couple, the maid said no. She said she could not see what the matter with them, but that they "fussed" all the time. She said the little boy was away from home on Friday morning, having spent the night before at his grandmother's home. She said Carruthers had requested that the boy should not come home until after the fires had all been started and the home was perfectly warm.

SAW HIM HURRY

PAPERS AT STOVE

She corroborated the statements made by Mrs. Carruthers to the detectives, insofar as she said Mrs. Carruthers told her the same thing when she brought the orange back to her in the kitchen. She said that Carruthers stayed and fussed a little longer than usual with his wife Friday morning, and said that Mrs. Carruthers told her

Troops May Be Home Before Christmas

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

WASHINGTON, November 18.—Senator Swanson, of Virginia, was in conference with Secretary of War Baker for an hour here today, arguing that steps be taken by the War Department to order the return of one, if not all, the commands of the Virginia National Guard, now on the border.

The Senator reminded Mr. Baker of the announced policy of the War Department to send home the State troops in the order in which they were ordered to the border, that is, to send back first those which went South first. The policy, he said, had not been carried out with regard to the Virginia units. In reply, Secretary Baker stated that the National Guard command formed a part of a brigade, a division or other tactical unit, it was not always possible to follow the general rule. This was the reason why some of the Virginians who expected to leave there now, are still in the field.

Speaking of the situation after his visit to the War Department, Senator Swanson said, "Secretary Baker implored our people to have patience, saying that the military necessities were the first consideration, but that he hoped soon to have all the State troops back at home. I myself came away from the department with the impression that our boys will be home before Christmas, if not before Thanksgiving."

FAVORS REORGANIZATION OF EDUCATION OFFICE

Auditing Committee Recommends Separation of Scholastic and Business Functions.

WASTE IN ANNUAL REPORTS

Comments on High Per Capita Cost of Treating Patients at Catawba Sanatorium and Suggests Separate Board of Management.

Separation of the technical and business functions of the public school system is recommended by the State Auditing Committee in its annual report, filed yesterday with Governor Stuart. The committee suggests the reorganization of the administrative department as now directed from the office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction, by confining the work of the superintendent to the "technical" work of the schools, and placing the business and financial operations of the system in the control of a manager.

Reporting on the Department of Public Instruction, the committee notes the fact that records for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1916, were not obtainable in complete form from the office of the department because it was itself not supplied with detailed reports. The figures were, therefore, obtained from the Second Auditor's office, which collects the school revenues and disburses them.

WOULD INTRODUCE SYSTEM OF DAILY BALANCES

With a manager in charge of the purely business end of the school system, the committee believes, the expenditure of the large sums of money in this department could be presented at all times in a comprehensive manner and be kept up to date. Daily receipts, it recommends, should be certain, and the Second Auditor to the superintendent, so that the daily balances should be known at the department's office.

Contemporaneously with the auditing committee's report was filed the annual report of State Accountant W. P. Smyth, which covers in detail the income and expenditures of the department, and contains recommendations concerning which the committee reports. The latter is signed by P. H. Drewry, chairman; E. C. Buck, James E. Cannon, G. C. Davis, Jr., and James H. Price. While the records and accounts in all the State departments were found to be in excellent condition, the committee makes pertinent observations on general practices which it regards as wasteful, and recommends their elimination.

WASTE IN PRINTING

ANNUAL REPORTS

The attention of the Governor is directed to the waste involved in the printing of voluminous annual reports padded with material that is of little or no practical value.

"Notable in this connection," the committee finds, "is the annual report of the State Librarian, who for some time has been injecting into the report required of him by law, a list of books received into the library, disquisitions on the growth of the library, and similar statements, presenting unnecessary expense. It has been the custom for the superintendent of schools to incorporate into his annual report the statements of schools and colleges over which he has no control, and for whose conduct he is not responsible. The matter complained of in the library, if printed, should be contained in bulletins and not subject the State to the cost of carrying it in annual reports.

"Annual reports should, in our opinion, be confined to matter of value to the General Assembly in considering recommendations for legislation, and to facts about the work of the department. The object of an annual report should be to set forth facts such as will give an accurate idea of the work of the department for which it is written, without presenting a mass of confusing details, statistics, scientific or technical detail. Under our system as at present controlled we have waste both in printing and distribution.

SHEWMAKE NAMED AS TAX EXECUTIVE

Commonwealth's Attorney of Surry County Succeeds Christopher B. Garnett.

WILL TAKE CHARGE AT ONCE

Position Is Regarded as Most Important in Tax Administration Under New System.

Oscar L. Shewmake, Commonwealth's attorney of Surry County, was yesterday appointed executive assistant to the State Tax Board to succeed Christopher B. Garnett, who resigned the office to become a member of the State Corporation Commission. He will take office at once.

Mr. Shewmake was unanimously chosen at a special meeting of the Tax Board held for the purpose yesterday afternoon. A full attendance was present. It included for the first time Mr. Garnett, who became a member of the Tax Board by reason of his election as chairman of the State Corporation Commission.

The election ended a period of uncertainty that had existed for several weeks. When the Governor announced that he would appoint Mr. Garnett to the Corporation Commission, speculation was rife as to what his successor would be. The list included prominent lawyers in Richmond and other sections of the State. The Tax Board threw no light on the speculation, and kept its own counsel until yesterday afternoon, when it announced the selection of a man whose name had not been included in any of the forecasts.

OF MARKED ABILITY

On behalf of Mr. Shewmake it was stated yesterday that he is a lawyer of marked ability and a capable administrator. His election was urged by prominent citizens, who filed endorsements in his behalf. While the appointment is already effective, Mr. Shewmake will require several days to wind up his affairs in Surry.

The new tax executive is a graduate of William and Mary College, and is thirty-five years old. He received his legal training at the University of Virginia. For some time after graduation from William and Mary he taught school. He was at one time a member of the State Board of Examiners. He is a member of the Phi Beta Kappa.

The office of executive assistant to the State Tax Board was created this year pursuant to an act of the last General Assembly making an appropriation for the maintenance of a central tax office which shall have direct supervision over the enforcement of the new segregation system. It is regarded as the most important office in the tax administration. The position carries a salary of \$3,000 a year. The appointment is for an indefinite term, the appointee holding office at the pleasure of the Tax Board.

DAVISON AT WHITE HOUSE

Morgan Partner Refuses to Disclose Purpose of Forty-Five-Minute Conference With President.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, November 18.—Henry P. Davison, a partner of J. P. Morgan, held a forty-five-minute conference with the President at the White House tonight. The engagement was made at Mr. Davison's request. Afterwards he responded to all questions by saying "I have nothing whatever to say about my visit to Washington."

Mr. Davison's call at the White House was linked in some quarters with a report that the Morgan interests had helped form the National Industrial Conference Board, with the purpose of organizing employers to fight the eight-hour day. Davison told friends here that the story was an "absolute fabrication." To news-gatherers he said he did not wish to make a formal denial, because his house never commented on newspaper reports.

Mr. Davison is understood to have informed the President, among other things, of industrial and financial conditions observed during a recent visit to Europe. His request for an interview was made yesterday.

FORWARD PASSES WIN FOR VISITORS

Washington and Jefferson Defeats Washington and Lee by 10 to 6.

GREAT GAME ON GRIDIRON

Between 5,000 and 6,000 Richmond Enthusiasts Witness Spectacular Battle.

Football enthusiasts numbering between 5,000 and 6,000 last night yesterday afternoon crowded into the Ball Park to witness a football game. They did so. They saw Washington and Jefferson's wonderful eleven triumph over the Blue and White of Washington and Lee in one of the hardest-fought and most interesting contests that many a year the Mighty Young in action and thrilled time after time as his toe drove the bit of leather far down the field into the territory of the opposing team. They witnessed the remarkable aerial attack of the Red and Black team at its best, as they left the grounds satisfied. They had seen real football.

The crowd was slow in filing into the park. It was not until the very minute play was scheduled to begin that the grand stand and the other reserved seats began to fill. The bleachers already were densely populated, and the standing room around the fence was so thickly filled that police were forced to open walkways in front of the stands. However, when the officials gathered in the center of the gridiron and began to settle the questions before opening the fray those who held seats in the grand stand crowded in.

In a short time most of Richmond's celebrities had appeared. There were representatives of the State government, the Mayor, several from his official family and many of his retinue, and there also were innumerable from the "back of town," the alumni and those interested in the welfare of the eleven ranked as smaller than the competing teams.

RICHMOND BOY WELL KNOWN TO LOCAL PATRONS

But every one in the crowd appeared to be there for football only. From the amount of rooting during the early stages of the battle, one might have thought professionals were playing, or that the stands were filled with mutes. Turner Bethel is a Richmond boy, and was playing with Washington and Lee yesterday, but outside of him there was none of the players well known to local patrons of the game. The Generals have been favorites here for some time, and their work has been watched closely because they are known to have a sterling aggregation.

But the organized rooting that one associates with a football contest was lacking yesterday. It was due in part to the fact that both eleven teams were playing away from home, and were without the assistance of their organized rooting corps. However, the principal reason was that the fans had gathered at the park to see real football, and not because of partisan interests. They saw their football, and during the latter part of the battle, several times accorded players of the eleven praise for their work. Most of this applause, however, was given Washington and Lee, when its men several times fought back the savage attacks of their opponents.

There was nothing to mar the sport yesterday. The weather was just crisp enough to make the players comfortable, and still not too cool to cause the spectators discomfort. The stands and bleachers had been decorated with bunting, there was a band in front of the Washington and Lee students' section, there were the pop-corn boys, the seersucker sellers and the ever-present "brass-buttocks" in goodly numbers and paternally looked after by the major. In fact, there was everything that goes into a real football contest. "It was a day of real sport."

FEATURES OF PAST GAMES ARE LACKING

However, there was an absence of several features yesterday that often have been associated with football games here. There was no drinking in the grounds, and if there was any beer, it was sold in a subterranean place of the grounds.

Also there was no mad rush for the netter side of the grand stand at the end of the first half. In former days, provided those days were as chilly as yesterday, there was a general exodus of the male gender, and bottles, from half-pints to quarts, were in evidence in all directions.

Many a Tarheel has come from "down home" and has never seen the contest he came to witness. Next morning they have asked what the score was. This year, however, Thanksgiving hardly will see the blarney of former years along this line. Chief Warner has issued the order, and will enforce it.

EVERY MAN TAKES IT AS PERSONAL LOSS

The game itself was a dandy, and one that was hard to lose. The defeat marked the third that Jogger Cleck has sustained in three years at Washington and Lee, and not a man on the eleven (Continued on Second Page, Section 3)

WANTS TO WIPE OUT LINES OF DIVISION

President Wilson Makes Plea for Closer Union of American People.

TALKS TO LABOR DELEGATES

Congratulated by Gompers on His Re-Election by Working People of Nation.

WASHINGTON, November 18.—President Wilson made a plea for the wiping out of all class distinctions and a closer union of the American people in an address to delegates of the American Federation of Labor at the White House today.

The President said that nothing worse could happen to this country than for the people to imagine they were at odds with one another, and concluded with an exhortation to all to join in the "common movement for humanity."

Following is the text of the President's address:

"Mr. Gompers, Ladies and Gentlemen: 'I need not say that, coming to me as you do on such an errand, I am very deeply gratified and very greatly cheered. It would be impossible for me off-hand to say just what thoughts are stirred in me by what Mr. Gompers has said to me as your spokesman, but perhaps the simplest thing I can say is, after all, the most of the whole matter. What I have tried to do is to get rid of any class division in this country, not only, but of any class consciousness and feeling.

"The worst thing that could happen to America would be that she should be divided into groups and camps in which there were men and women who thought that they were at odds with one another, that the spirit of America was not expressed except in them, and that possibilities of antagonism were the only things that we had to look forward to.

WANTS TO CREATE UNITY OF SPIRIT AND PURPOSE

"As Mr. Gompers said, achievement is a comparatively small matter, but the spirit in which things are done is of the essence of the whole thing, and what I am striving for, and what I hope you are striving for, is to blot out all the lines of division in America, and create a unity of spirit and of purpose founded upon this, the consciousness that we are all men and women of the same sort, and that if we do not understand each other, we are not true Americans. If we cannot enter into each other's thoughts, if we cannot comprehend each other's interests, if we cannot serve each other's essential welfare, then we have not yet qualified as representatives of the American spirit."

"Nothing alarms America so much as rifts, divisions, the drifting apart of elements among her people, and the thing we ought all to strive for is to close up every rift, and the only way to do it, so far as I can see, is to establish justice not only, but justice with a heart in it, justice with a pulse in it, justice with sympathy in it. Justice can be cold and forbidding, or it can be warm and welcome, and the latter is the only kind of justice that Americans ought to desire.

"I do not believe I am deceiving myself when I say that I think this spirit is growing in America. I pray God it may continue to grow, and all I have to say is to exhort every one whom my voice reaches here or else where to come into this common movement of humanity."

GOMPERS CONVEYS HIS CONGRATULATIONS

The only other address was by Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, who conveyed to the President the congratulations of that body upon his reelection, and their wishes for a successful administration. Mr. Gompers said that the purpose of the federation was to strive for freedom and justice for the great body of toilers here and for all those who are engaged in labor.

He said that the delegates regarded the President as being in sympathy with them, and that the achievements of his four years in office had shown this.

After the President's address, the delegates were formed in line for the purpose of shaking hands, and the President greeted every one in turn.

The delegates adjourned their convention at Baltimore at noon and came to Washington by special train, there being nearly 600 in the party, including the wives of a number of the delegates. They spent several hours at the new temple of the federation at Ninth and Massachusetts Avenue, and at 1 o'clock marched to the White House, preceded by a band and headed by Mr. Gompers and members of the executive council.

When the procession swung into Madison Place from I Street, the band struck up a melody of patriotic airs, ending with "Maryland, My Maryland," as the doors leading to the White House were reached.

STOGIE-MAKERS STRIKE

Walk Out in Wheeling When Increase in Wages Is Refused Them.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

WHEELING, W. VA., November 18.—A strike of stogie makers was called here today, after local manufacturers had refused to grant an increase in wages of \$1 per thousand to rollers and \$2 cent a pound to strippers.

Mexican Situation Put Before Wilson

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, November 18.—The deadlock reached by the joint international commission in session at Atlantic City to discuss Mexican border problems was taken up today in a White House conference between President Wilson and Secretary Lane, chairman of the United States commission; Secretary Lansing and Secretary Baker.

Mr. Lane, who arrived here from Atlantic City today to report to the President on the situation, would not discuss the outlook, objections raised by Luis Cabrera, chairman of the Mexican delegates, to the suggested plan of the border control are understood to have been considered in detail at the conference.

To-night was the first time President Wilson and Secretary Lane have conferred since the President met all of the members of the commission at New London, Conn., soon after it began its work.

The three Cabinet members remained with the President for three hours. Secretary Lane, at the end of which he was "well satisfied with the situation," and would return tomorrow to Atlantic City, where the conference with the Mexican delegates will be resumed on Monday. Asked if there was any prospect of a settlement at Atlantic City, he replied: "We are good settlers."

NINETEEN RECEIVED INTO METHODIST MINISTRY

Bishop Kilgo to Hold Ordination Services This Morning and To-Night.

DOUGHTY MAKES AN ADDRESS

Attacks Militarism as False Idea of World Safety—Report Favors Minimum Salary of \$600 for Single Ministers; \$800 for Married Men.

Having been members of the Virginia Conference on trial for at least two years, nineteen young men were received into full connection by Bishop John C. Kilgo at the session of the conference held yesterday morning in the Broad Street Methodist Church. The young preachers are William J. Boyd, E. L. Callahan, J. A. Chapman, J. J. Clarke, W. S. Deyler, T. M. DeShazo, J. B. Douglas, James L. Finch, L. S. Flannery, W. H. Hanzman, T. G. Laughlin, E. B. Loring, C. H. McNeil, H. D. Mollart, H. W. Neville, A. W. Ruten, A. L. Stevenson, S. W. Wilkinson and W. P. Province.

"The world's incomprehensible need at all times is a tremendous apostolic ministry," Bishop Kilgo told the young preachers again and again. The bishop urged them to give up personal desire and ambition to help humanity as such, and to do all things for the sake of "Christ. After the bishop's address, the young preachers made the pledges required by the discipline of the church. J. S. Higginbotham, a candidate for admission to full connection with the conference, also continued on trial as a member of the second-year class, on the recommendation of the committee on admission.

ORDINATION SERVICES TO BE HELD TO-DAY

Ordination services will be held both morning and night to-day. Bishop Kilgo will ordain those who have passed the second year of the conference course of study to be deacons at the service this morning in the Broad Street Church. Those who have passed the full four years' course will be ordained elders this evening in Park Place Methodist Church. Rev. M. S. Colonna, D. D., pastor of Market Street Church, Petersburg, will preach at that time.

W. E. Doughty, of New York City, educational secretary of the Layman's Missionary Movement, delivered the annual missionary address of the conference yesterday morning. Rev. W. R. Beauchamp, D. D., of Portsmouth, who presided during the special missionary hour, introduced Mr. Doughty as one of the outstanding men in the greatest modern missionary movement.

A leader who ranked beside Robert L. Speer and John H. Mott. The missionary address yesterday, said Beauchamp, was the first ever delivered before the Virginia Conference by a layman.

"I am a Northern Methodist myself," said Mr. Doughty, "and I endorse with all my heart the proposal for the unification of the Northern and Southern churches. As he brethren, and we must unite all the forces of Christianity for the task of evangelizing the world."

"The successful evangelist," said the speaker, "is he who has the ancient passion for souls and who knows how to set himself in the stream of modern life. The two elements are necessary for efficient work."

ATTACKS MILITARISM AS FALSE IDEA OF SAFETY

Militarism was attacked by Mr. Doughty as a false idea of world safety. Applause from the preachers showed their sentiments on war. "The only principle of world safety," said he, "would save the world, said the speaker, was that of God's fatherhood and human brotherhood. Christianization of the world was the only real practical cure for the hatreds engendered by the present war."

FAIL IN EFFORTS TO PIERCE GERMAN LINES ON ANCRE

Berlin Reports Unsuccessful Attempt Made by British.

PRECEDED BY ENORMOUS ARTILLERY ACTIVITY

Fighting Reported as Still Being in Progress South of River.

FRENCH ATTACKS BREAK DOWN

Military Authorities Believe Transylvanian Will Be Scene of Decision in War.

(By Associated Press.)

LONDON, November 18.—The British army delivered another assault on the German lines on both banks of the Ancre River today in what is described by the German War Office as another attempt to break through. The attack, which was preceded by "enormous artillery activity," failed, according to the German announcement. The fighting is still in progress near Grandcourt, south of the Ancre. This action was followed by advances north-east of Beaumont-Hamel and north of Beaumont last night, according to the British announcement.

French attacks near Sully-Salliel last night broke down under the German fire, according to the German report. On the other hand, the French report a repulse of an attack by a strong German detachment on the French trenches at Blaches.

Military authorities in Berlin are quoted as saying that the southwestern war theater, the Transylvanian campaign, is to be the scene of the decision in the war, not the Russian front near Verdun or on the Somme. The German troops in Western Wallachia are reported by Berlin to be making good progress and scoring further gains in the Alt and Jul valleys. The Roumanians announce that violent fighting continues in those two valleys, but say they made progress near Dragoslavele.

SERBIANS AND FRENCH CLOSING IN ON MONASTIR

The Serbians and French continue to close in upon Monastir, the important objective on the western Macedonian front. The Serbians report the capture of trenches east of the outskirts of Cerna, while the French reached the outskirts of Kenana. Berlin, however, declares on-entente attacks on the plains south of Monastir were defeated with heavy losses, and that the Germans recaptured a height taken by the Serbians near Cheel. New and violent fighting from Berlin yesterday.

Only minor operations on the Russian front are reported by the German War Office, but the Russians claim they have driven back Austro-German attacks in the Carpathians.

A British army has defeated 6,000 Mohmands, a warlike tribe, in a battle on the boundary between India and Afghanistan.

NO IMPORTANT EVENTS ON EASTERN FRONT

(By Associated Press.)

BERLIN, November 17 (via London, November 18). Delayed in transmission.—An official statement issued by German army headquarters this morning reports no important events on the eastern front, and only brief mentions of the fighting on the Roumanian front. It announces, however, the failure of continued attacks by entente troops on the Macedonian front. The statement reads:

"On the western and eastern fronts there has been unimportant fighting. Our troops again report the Roumanian civil population offering armed resistance to our advance in Wallachia."

BRITISH RENEW ATTACKS NEAR ANCRE RIVER

(By Associated Press.)

LONDON, November 18.—Renewing their attacks near the Ancre River, on the French front, the British last night made further gains. It is announced officially. Advances were made north-east of Beaumont-Hamel and north of Beaumont.

The announcement follows. "We advanced our position north-east of Beaumont-Hamel and pushed out further north of Beaumont. Beaumont-Hamel and Hebuterne were heavily shelled by the enemy. During the night we successfully raided an enemy redoubt north of Ypres, taking twenty prisoners and one machine gun."

OUTCOME OF FIGHTING FAVORABLE TO BRITISH

(By Associated Press.)

LONDON, November 18.—Further spirited fighting, the outcome of which was favorable to the British, has taken place in the campaign for the clearing of German East Africa, according to an official announcement today.

After the recent attack by the Germans on Niomini, the bulk of their force, says the statement, moved southward and invested a small British post at Malangali, falling in three efforts to capture it.

A British relief column arrived and